

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Melamine Gloss Lacquer Aerosol

According to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, Annex II, as amended. Commission Regulation (EU) No 2015/830 of 28 May 2015.

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

Product name Melamine Gloss Lacquer Aerosol

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses Air drying paint/lacquer product for interior use.

Uses advised againstNo specific uses advised against are identified.

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Supplier

Chestnut Products PO BOX 260 Stowmarket IP14 9BX UK

+44 (0) 1473 890118 / (888) 631-8311 + 44 (0) 1473 206522 / (888) 631-8311 mailroom@chestnutproducts.co.uk

1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency telephone +44 (0)1473 425878 (09:00-17:00 Mon- Fri)

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification (EC 1272/2008)

Physical hazards Aerosol 1 - H222, H229

Health hazards Eye Irrit. 2 - H319 STOT SE 3 - H336

Environmental hazards Not Classified

2.2. Label elements

Pictogram





Signal word Danger

Hazard statements H222 Extremely flammable aerosol.

H229 Pressurised container: may burst if heated

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Melamine Gloss Lacquer Aerosol

Precautionary statements P102 Keep out of reach of children.

P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No

smoking.

P251 Do not pierce or burn, even after use.

P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection.

P304+P340 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove

contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P410+P412 Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C/122°F.

P501 Dispose of contents/ container in accordance with national regulations.

Supplemental label

information

EUH066 Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

Contains Acetone, n-Butyl acetate, Isobutyl acetate

Supplementary precautionary statements

P211 Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source.

P261 Avoid breathing vapour/ spray.

P264 Wash contaminated skin thoroughly after handling.
P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.
P312 Call a POISON CENTER/ doctor if you feel unwell.

P337+P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/ attention.

P403+P233 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

P405 Store locked up.

2.3. Other hazards

This product does not contain any substances classified as PBT or vPvB.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2. Mixtures

Acetone 25 - <50%

CAS number: 67-64-1 EC number: 200-662-2 REACH registration number:

012119471330-49XXXX

Classification

Flam. Liq. 2 - H225 Eye Irrit. 2 - H319 STOT SE 3 - H336

Petroleum gases, liquefied <0.1% 1,3 butadiene

25 - <50%

Classification

Flam. Gas 1 - H220

Press. Gas, Liquefied - H280

n-Butyl acetate 5 - <10%

CAS number: 123-86-4 EC number: 204-658-1

Classification

Flam. Liq. 3 - H226 STOT SE 3 - H336

Melamine Gloss Lacquer Aerosol

Ethanol 5 - <10%

CAS number: 64-17-5 EC number: 200-578-6

Substance with National workplace exposure limits.

Classification

Flam. Liq. 2 - H225 Eye Irrit. 2 - H319

2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate 2.5 - <5%

CAS number: 108-65-6 EC number: 203-603-9

Classification

Flam. Liq. 3 - H226

Isobutyl acetate 2.5 - <5%

CAS number: 110-19-0 EC number: 203-745-1

Classification

Flam. Liq. 2 - H225 STOT SE 3 - H336

Methanol 2.5 - <5%

CAS number: 67-56-1 EC number: 200-659-6

Classification

Flam. Liq. 2 - H225 Acute Tox. 3 - H301

Acute Tox. 3 - H311

Acute Tox. 3 - H331

STOT SE 1 - H370

Propan-1-ol 0.5 - <1%

CAS number: 71-23-8 EC number: 200-746-9

Classification

Flam. Liq. 2 - H225 Eye Dam. 1 - H318

STOT SE 3 - H336

1-Methoxy-2-propanol 0.5 - <1%

CAS number: 107-98-2 EC number: 203-539-1

Classification

Flam. Liq. 3 - H226 STOT SE 3 - H336

Butan-1-ol 0.5 - <1%

CAS number: 71-36-3 EC number: 200-751-6

Classification

Flam. Liq. 3 - H226 Acute Tox. 4 - H302 Skin Irrit. 2 - H315 Eye Dam. 1 - H318 STOT SE 3 - H335, H336

Phosphoric acid 0.025 - <0.25%

Classification

Skin Corr. 1B - H314 Eye Dam. 1 - H318

Formaldehyde <0.025%

CAS number: 50-00-0 EC number: 200-001-8

Classification

Acute Tox. 3 - H301 Acute Tox. 3 - H311 Acute Tox. 3 - H331 Skin Corr. 1B - H314 Eye Dam. 1 - H318 Skin Sens. 1 - H317 Muta. 2 - H341 Carc. 1B - H350 STOT SE 3 - H335

The full text for all hazard statements is displayed in Section 16.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

General information Get medical attention if any discomfort continues. Show this Safety Data Sheet to the medical

personnel.

Inhalation Move affected person to fresh air and keep warm and at rest in a position comfortable for

breathing. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as collar, tie or belt. When breathing is difficult, properly trained personnel may assist affected person by administering oxygen. Get medical attention. Place unconscious person on their side in the recovery

position and ensure breathing can take place.

Ingestion Rinse mouth thoroughly with water. Give a few small glasses of water or milk to drink. Stop if

the affected person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Place unconscious person on their side in the recovery position and ensure breathing can take place. Keep affected person under observation. Get medical

attention.

Skin contact Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water.

Eye contact Remove any contact lenses and open eyelids wide apart. Rinse with water. Do not rub eye.

Get medical attention if any discomfort continues.

Protection of first aidersFirst aid personnel should wear appropriate protective equipment during any rescue.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

General information The severity of the symptoms described will vary dependent on the concentration and the

length of exposure.

Inhalation A single exposure may cause the following adverse effects: Pain or irritation. Intoxication.

Narcotic effect. Muscle weakness. Nausea, vomiting.

Ingestion Due to the physical nature of this product, it is unlikely that ingestion will occur. May cause

nausea, headache, dizziness and intoxication.

Skin contact Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

Eye contact Irritating to eyes.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes for the doctor Treat symptomatically.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media The product is flammable. Extinguish with alcohol-resistant foam, carbon dioxide, dry powder

or water fog. Use fire-extinguishing media suitable for the surrounding fire.

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Specific hazards Containers can burst violently or explode when heated, due to excessive pressure build-up. If

aerosol cans are ruptured, care should be taken due to the rapid escape of the pressurised

contents and propellant. Forms explosive mixtures with air.

Hazardous combustion

products

Hydrocarbons. Carbon monoxide (CO). Carbon dioxide (CO2).

5.3. Advice for firefighters

Protective actions during

firefighting

Evacuate area. Keep upwind to avoid inhalation of gases, vapours, fumes and smoke. Ventilate closed spaces before entering them. Cool containers exposed to heat with water spray and remove them from the fire area if it can be done without risk. Cool containers exposed to flames with water until well after the fire is out. If a leak or spill has not ignited, use water spray to disperse vapours and protect men stopping the leak. Control run-off water by containing and keeping it out of sewers and watercourses. If risk of water pollution occurs, notify appropriate authorities.

Special protective equipment

for firefighters

Wear positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and appropriate protective clothing. Firefighter's clothing conforming to European standard EN469 (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions Evacuate area. Risk of explosion. No smoking, sparks, flames or other sources of ignition

near spillage. Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. Provide adequate ventilation. Use suitable respiratory protection if ventilation is inadequate.

Promptly remove any clothing that becomes contaminated.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Environmental precautions Avoid discharge into drains or watercourses or onto the ground.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so. No smoking, sparks, flames or other sources of

ignition near spillage. Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. Clear up spills immediately and dispose of waste safely. Do not allow material to enter confined spaces, due to the risk of explosion. Flush contaminated area with plenty of water. For waste disposal, see Section 13. Wash thoroughly after dealing with a spillage.

6.4. Reference to other sections

Reference to other sections For personal protection, see Section 8. See Section 11 for additional information on health

hazards. See Section 12 for additional information on ecological hazards. For waste disposal,

see Section 13.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Usage precautions Keep out of the reach of children. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames

and other ignition sources. No smoking. Avoid exposing aerosol containers to high

temperatures or direct sunlight. Keep away from food, drink and animal feeding stuffs. Read and follow manufacturer's recommendations. Wear protective clothing as described in Section

8 of this safety data sheet. Avoid contact with eyes. Avoid inhalation of vapours and

spray/mists. Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source. Do not pierce or burn,

even after use.

Advice on general occupational hygiene

Wash promptly if skin becomes contaminated. Take off contaminated clothing. Wash

contaminated clothing before reuse.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage precautions Store locked up. Keep away from oxidising materials, heat and flames. Store in tightly-closed,

original container in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Protect from sunlight. Do not expose

to temperatures exceeding 50°C/122°F. Protect containers from damage.

Storage class Chemical storage.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Specific end use(s) The identified uses for this product are detailed in Section 1.2.

SECTION 8: Exposure Controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Acetone

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 500 ppm 1210 mg/m³ Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): WEL 1500 ppm 3620 mg/m³

Petroleum gases, liquefied <0.1% 1,3 butadiene

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 1000 ppm 1750 mg/m³ Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): WEL 1250 ppm 2180 mg/m³

n-Butyl acetate

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 150 ppm 724 mg/m³ Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): WEL 200 ppm 966 mg/m³

Ethanol

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 1000 ppm 1920 mg/m³

2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 50 ppm 274 mg/m³ Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): WEL 100 ppm 548 mg/m³

Isobutyl acetate

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 150 ppm 724 mg/m³ Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): WEL 187 ppm 903 mg/m³

Methanol

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 200 ppm 266 mg/m³ Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): WEL 250 ppm 333 mg/m³ Sk

Propan-1-ol

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 200 ppm 500 mg/m³ Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): WEL 250 ppm 625 mg/m³

1-Methoxy-2-propanol

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 100 ppm 375 mg/m³ Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): WEL 150 ppm 560 mg/m³ Sk

Butan-1-ol

Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): WEL 50 ppm 154 mg/m³ Sk

Phosphoric acid

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 1 mg/m³ Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): WEL 2 mg/m³

Formaldehyde

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 2 ppm 2.5 mg/m³ Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): WEL 2 ppm 2.5 mg/m³ WEL = Workplace Exposure Limit Sk = Can be absorbed through the skin.

Acetone (CAS: 67-64-1)

DNEL Workers - Inhalation; Short term local effects: 2420 mg/m³

> Workers - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 1210 mg/m³ Workers - Dermal; Long term systemic effects: 186 mg/kg/day Consumer - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 200 mg/m³ Consumer - Dermal; Long term systemic effects: 62 mg/kg/day

Consumer - Oral; Long term systemic effects: 62 mg/kg/day

PNEC - Fresh water; 10.6 mg/l

> - Marine water; 1.06 mg/l - Intermittent release; 21 mg/l

- STP; 100 mg/l

- Sediment (Freshwater); 30.4 mg/kg - Sediment (Marinewater); 3.04 mg/kg

- Soil; 29.5 mg/kg

n-Butyl acetate (CAS: 123-86-4)

DNEL Consumer - Inhalation; Short term local effects: 859.7 mg/m³

Consumer - Inhalation; Short term systemic effects: 859.7 mg/m³

Industry - Inhalation; Short term local effects: 960 mg/m³ Industry - Inhalation; Short term systemic effects: 960 mg/m³ Consumer - Inhalation; Long term local effects: 102.34 mg/m³

Consumer - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 102.34 mg/m³ Industry - Inhalation; Long term local effects: 480 mg/m³ Industry - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 480 mg/m³

PNEC - Fresh water; 0.18 mg/l

- Sediment (Freshwater); 0.981 mg/kg

- Marine water; 0.018 mg/l

- Sediment (Marinewater); 0.981 mg/kg

- STP; 35.6 mg/l - Soil; 0.0903 mg/kg

2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate (CAS: 108-65-6)

DNEL Consumer - Oral; Long term systemic effects: 1.67 mg/kg/day

Consumer - Dermal; Long term systemic effects: 54.8 mg/kg/day Industry - Dermal; Long term systemic effects: 153.5 mg/kg/day Consumer - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 33 mg/m³ Industry - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 275 mg/m³

PNEC - Fresh water; 0.635 mg/l

Sediment (Freshwater); 3.29 mg/kgSediment (Marinewater); 0.329 mg/kg

- Soil; 0.29 mg/kg

1-Methoxy-2-propanol (CAS: 107-98-2)

DNEL Industry - Inhalation; Short term local effects: 553.5 mg/m³

Industry - Dermal; Long term systemic effects: 50.6 mg/kg/day Industry - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 369 mg/m³ Consumer - Dermal; Long term systemic effects: 18.1 mg/kg/day Consumer - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 43.9 mg/m³ Consumer - Oral; Long term systemic effects: 3.3 mg/kg/day

PNEC - Fresh water; 10 mg/l

- Marine water; 1 mg/l

- Sediment (Freshwater); 41.6 mg/kg

- Soil; 2.47 mg/kg

- Intermittent release; 100 mg/l

- Sediment (Marinewater); 4.17 mg/kg

8.2. Exposure controls

Protective equipment





Appropriate engineering controls

Provide adequate ventilation.

Melamine Gloss Lacquer Aerosol

Eye/face protection Avoid contact with eyes. Large Spillages: Eyewear complying with an approved standard

should be worn if a risk assessment indicates eye contact is possible. Wear chemical splash

goggles.

Hand protection For users with sensitive skin, it is recommended that suitable protective gloves are worn. The

most suitable glove should be chosen in consultation with the glove supplier/manufacturer,

who can provide information about the breakthrough time of the glove material.

Other skin and body

protection

Wear appropriate clothing to prevent repeated or prolonged skin contact.

Hygiene measures Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

Respiratory protection Provide adequate ventilation. Large Spillages: If ventilation is inadequate, suitable respiratory

protection must be worn.

Environmental exposure

controls

Keep container tightly sealed when not in use. Avoid release to the environment.

SECTION 9: Physical and Chemical Properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance Aerosol.

Colour Clear.

Odour Solvent.

Odour threshold Not available.

pH Not available.

Melting point Not available.

Initial boiling point and range -41°C

Flash point -40°C CC (Closed cup).

Evaporation rate Not available.

Upper/lower flammability or

explosive limits

 $Lower\ flammable/explosive\ limit:\ 1.5\%\ Upper\ flammable/explosive\ limit:\ 44\%$

Vapour pressure Not available.

Vapour density Not available.

Relative density 0.725

Solubility(ies) Insoluble in water.

Partition coefficient Not available.

Auto-ignition temperature 270°C

Decomposition Temperature Not available.

Viscosity Not applicable.

Explosive properties Not considered to be explosive.

Oxidising properties Does not meet the criteria for classification as oxidising.

9.2. Other information

Other information No information required.

Melamine Gloss Lacquer Aerosol

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

Reactivity Forms explosive mixtures with air.

10.2. Chemical stability

Stable at normal ambient temperatures and when used as recommended. Stable under the

prescribed storage conditions. Highly volatile.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Possibility of hazardous

reactions

The following materials may react strongly with the product: Oxidising agents.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Conditions to avoid Avoid exposing aerosol containers to high temperatures or direct sunlight. Pressurised

container: may burst if heated

10.5. Incompatible materials

Materials to avoid Avoid contact with the following materials: Strong oxidising agents.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Hazardous decomposition

products

Does not decompose when used and stored as recommended. Thermal decomposition or combustion products may include the following substances: Harmful gases or vapours.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity - oral

Notes (oral LD₅₀) Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

ATE oral (mg/kg) 11,111.11

Acute toxicity - dermal

Notes (dermal LD₅₀) Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

ATE dermal (mg/kg) 11,111.11

Acute toxicity - inhalation

Notes (inhalation LC50) Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

ATE inhalation (vapours mg/l) 111.11

Skin corrosion/irritation

Animal data Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

Serious eye damage/irritation

Serious eye damage/irritation Causes serious eye irritation.

Respiratory sensitisation

Respiratory sensitisationBased on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Skin sensitisation

Skin sensitisation Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Genotoxicity - in vitroBased on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Carcinogenicity

Melamine Gloss Lacquer Aerosol

Carcinogenicity Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

IARC carcinogenicity

Contains a substance/a group of substances which may cause cancer. IARC Group 1

Carcinogenic to humans.

Reproductive toxicity

Reproductive toxicity - fertility Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Reproductive toxicity -

development

Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

STOT - single exposure STOT SE 3 - H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness. STOT SE 1 - H370 Causes damage

to organs.

Target organs Central nervous system

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

STOT - repeated exposure Not classified as a specific target organ toxicant after repeated exposure.

Aspiration hazard

Aspiration hazard Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

General information The severity of the symptoms described will vary dependent on the concentration and the

length of exposure.

Inhalation A single exposure may cause the following adverse effects: Pain or irritation. Intoxication.

Narcotic effect. Muscle weakness. Nausea, vomiting.

Ingestion Due to the physical nature of this product, it is unlikely that ingestion will occur. May cause

nausea, headache, dizziness and intoxication.

Skin contact Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

Eye contact Irritating to eyes.

Route of entry Ingestion Inhalation Skin and/or eye contact

Target organs Central nervous system

Acetone

Acute toxicity - oral

Acute toxicity oral (LD50

mg/kg)

5,800.0

Species Rat

Notes (oral LD₅₀) REACH dossier information. Based on available data the classification criteria are

not met.

ATE oral (mg/kg) 5,800.0

Acute toxicity - dermal

Acute toxicity dermal (LD₅₀ 7,427.0

mg/kg)

Species Rabbit

Melamine Gloss Lacquer Aerosol

Notes (dermal LD₅₀) REACH dossier information. Based on available data the classification criteria are

not met.

ATE dermal (mg/kg) 7,427.0

Acute toxicity - inhalation

Acute toxicity inhalation (LC₅₀ gases ppmV)

54,000.0

Species Rat

Acute toxicity inhalation (LC₅ vapours mg/l)

128.0

Species Rat

Notes (inhalation LC₅₀) REACH dossier information. Based on available data the classification criteria are

not met.

ATE inhalation (gases

ppm)

54,000.0

ATE inhalation (vapours

mg/l)

128.0

Skin corrosion/irritation

Human skin model test Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

Skin sensitisation

Skin sensitisation Guinea pig maximization test (GPMT) - Guinea pig: Not sensitising. REACH dossier

information. Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Genotoxicity - in vitro Gene mutation: Negative. REACH dossier information. This substance has no

evidence of mutagenic properties.

Carcinogenicity

Carcinogenicity NOEL 0.1 ml, Dermal, Mouse REACH dossier information. Based on available data

the classification criteria are not met.

Reproductive toxicity

Reproductive toxicity - development

Maternal toxicity: - NOAEC: 2200 ppm, Inhalation, Rat No evidence of reproductive

toxicity in animal studies.

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

STOT - single exposure STOT SE 3 - H336 Vapours may cause drowsiness and dizziness.

Target organs Central nervous system

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

STOT - repeated exposure NOAEL 20000 ppm, Oral, Mouse REACH dossier information. Not classified as a

specific target organ toxicant after repeated exposure.

n-Butyl acetate

Acute toxicity - oral

Acute toxicity oral (LD₅o

mg/kg)

10,760.0

Melamine Gloss Lacquer Aerosol

Species Rat

REACH dossier information. Based on available data the classification criteria are Notes (oral LD₅₀)

not met.

ATE oral (mg/kg) 10,760.0

Acute toxicity - dermal

Acute toxicity dermal (LD₅₀ 14,112.0

mg/kg)

Rabbit **Species**

Notes (dermal LD₅₀) REACH dossier information. Based on available data the classification criteria are

not met

ATE dermal (mg/kg) 14,112.0

Acute toxicity - inhalation

Acute toxicity inhalation

(LC₅₀ vapours mg/l)

21.0

Species Rat

Notes (inhalation LC50) REACH dossier information. Based on available data the classification criteria are

not met.

ATE inhalation (vapours

mg/l)

21.0

Skin corrosion/irritation

Animal data Dose: 0.5 mL, 4 hours, Rabbit Erythema/eschar score: No erythema (0). Oedema

score: No oedema (0). REACH dossier information. Based on available data the

classification criteria are not met.

Serious eye damage/irritation

Serious eye

damage/irritation

Dose: 0.1 mL, not rinsed out, Rabbit Not irritating. REACH dossier information.

Skin sensitisation

Skin sensitisation Buehler test - Guinea pig: Not sensitising. REACH dossier information. Based on

available data the classification criteria are not met.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Genotoxicity - in vitro Chromosome aberration: Negative. REACH dossier information. Based on available

data the classification criteria are not met.

Genotoxicity - in vivo Chromosome aberration: Negative. REACH dossier information. Based on available

data the classification criteria are not met.

Reproductive toxicity

Reproductive toxicity -

fertility

Two-generation study - NOAEC 2000 ppm, Inhalation, Rat F1 REACH dossier information. Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Reproductive toxicity -

development

Developmental toxicity: - LOAEC: 1500 ppm, Inhalation, Rat REACH dossier information. Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

STOT - single exposure STOT SE 3 - H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Melamine Gloss Lacquer Aerosol

Target organs Central nervous system

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

STOT - repeated exposure NOAEC 500 ppm, Inhalation, Rat REACH dossier information. Based on available

data the classification criteria are not met.

SECTION 12: Ecological Information

Ecotoxicity Not regarded as dangerous for the environment. However, large or frequent spills may have

hazardous effects on the environment.

12.1. Toxicity

Toxicity Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Acetone

Toxicity Aquatic toxicity is unlikely to occur. Based on available data the classification

criteria are not met.

Acute toxicity - fish LC₅₀, 96 hours: 6210 mg/l, Pimephales promelas (Fat-head Minnow)

REACH dossier information.

Acute toxicity - aquatic

invertebrates

LC₅₀, 48 hours: 8800 mg/l, Daphnia pulex

REACH dossier information.

Acute toxicity - aquatic

NOEC, 8 days: 530 mg/l, Microcystis aeruginosa REACH dossier information.

plants

EC₁₂, 30 minutes: 1000 mg/l, Activated sludge

microorganisms REACH dossier information.

Chronic toxicity - aquatic

invertebrates

Acute toxicity -

NOEC, 28 days: 1106 - 2212 mg/l, Daphnia magna

LOEC, 28 days: 2212 mg/l, Daphnia magna

REACH dossier information.

n-Butyl acetate

Toxicity Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Acute toxicity - fish LC₅₀, 96 hours: 18 mg/l, Pimephales promelas (Fat-head Minnow)

Acute toxicity - aquatic

invertebrates

EC₅₀, 48 hours: 44 mg/l, Daphnia magna

Acute toxicity - aquatic

plants

EC₅₀, 72 hours: 674.7 mg/l, Scenedesmus subspicatus

Chronic toxicity - aquatic

invertebrates

NOEC, 21 days: 23 mg/l, Daphnia magna

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Persistence and degradability The degradability of the product is not known.

Acetone

Persistence and degradability

The product is readily biodegradable.

Melamine Gloss Lacquer Aerosol

Phototransformation Water - DT₅₀ : 10 days

REACH dossier information.

Biodegradation Water - Degradation (90.9%): 28 days

REACH dossier information.

n-Butyl acetate

Persistence and

degradability

The product is readily biodegradable.

Phototransformation Water - DT₅₀: 3.3 days

Biodegradation Water - Degradation 83%: 28 days

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Bioaccumulative potential No data available on bioaccumulation.

Partition coefficient Not available.

Acetone

Partition coefficient log Pow: -0.24 REACH dossier information.

n-Butyl acetate

Bioaccumulative potential BCF: 15.3, Estimated value.

Partition coefficient log Pow: 2.3

12.4. Mobility in soil

Mobility The product contains volatile organic compounds (VOCs) which will evaporate easily from all

surfaces.

Acetone

Mobility The product is soluble in water.

Henry's law constant 2.929 Pa m³/mol @ 25°C REACH dossier information.

Surface tension 23700 mN/m @ 20°C REACH dossier information.

n-Butyl acetate

Mobilety Mobile.

Adsorption/desorption

coefficient

Water - log Koc: 1.268-1.844 @ 25°C

Henry's law constant 28.5 Pa m³/mol @ 25°C

Surface tension 61.3 mN/m @ 20°C

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Results of PBT and vPvB

This product does not contain any substances classified as PBT or vPvB.

assessment

Acetone

Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This substance is not classified as PBT or vPvB according to current EU criteria.

n-Butyl acetate

Results of PBT and vPvB This substance is not classified as PBT or vPvB according to current EU criteria. assessment

12.6. Other adverse effects

Other adverse effects None known.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

General information The generation of waste should be minimised or avoided wherever possible. When handling

waste, the safety precautions applying to handling of the product should be considered.

Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues and hence be potentially

hazardous.

Disposal methods Empty containers must not be punctured or incinerated because of the risk of an explosion.

Dispose of waste to licensed waste disposal site in accordance with the requirements of the

local Waste Disposal Authority.

SECTION 14: Transport information

14.1. UN number

UN No. (ADR/RID) 1950

UN No. (IMDG) 1950

UN No. (ICAO) 1950

UN No. (ADN) 1950

14.2. UN proper shipping name

Proper shipping name

(ADR/RID)

AEROSOLS

Proper shipping name (IMDG) AEROSOLS

Proper shipping name (ICAO) AEROSOLS

Proper shipping name (ADN) AEROSOLS

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

ADR/RID class 2.1

ADR/RID classification code 5F

ADR/RID label 2.1

IMDG class 2.1

ICAO class/division 2.1

ADN class 2.1

Transport labels



14.4. Packing group

ADR/RID packing group None

IMDG packing group None

ICAO packing group None

ADN packing group None

14.5. Environmental hazards

Environmentally hazardous substance/marine pollutant

No.

14.6. Special precautions for user

EmS F-D, S-U

ADR transport category 2

Tunnel restriction code (D)

14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code

Transport in bulk according to Not applicable.

Annex II of MARPOL 73/78

and the IBC Code

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

National regulations The Carriage of Dangerous Goods and Use of Transportable Pressure Equipment

Regulations 2009 (SI 2009 No. 1348) (as amended) ["CDG 2009"].

EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits.

The Aerosol Dispensers Regulations 2009 (SI 2009 No. 2824).

EU legislation Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 18

December 2006 concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of

Chemicals (REACH) (as amended).

Commission Regulation (EU) No 2015/830 of 28 May 2015.

Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16 December 2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures (as

amended).

Council Directive of 20 May 1975 on the approximation of the laws of the Member States

relating to aerosol dispensers (75/324/EEC) (as amended).

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

No chemical safety assessment has been carried out.

Inventories

EU - EINECS/ELINCS

None of the ingredients are listed or exempt.

US-TSCA

The following ingredients are listed or exempt:

US - TSCA 12(b) Export Notification

None of the ingredients are listed or exempt.

SECTION 16: Other information

Abbreviations and acronyms used in the safety data sheet

ADR: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by

Road.

ADN: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by

Inland Waterways.

RID: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by

Rail.

IATA: International Air Transport Association.

ICAO-TI: Technical Instructions for the Safe Transport of Dangerous Goods by Air.

IMDG: International Maritime Dangerous Goods.

CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service. ATE: Acute Toxicity Estimate.

LC₅o: Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population.

LD₅₀: Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose).

EC50: 50% of maximal Effective Concentration.

PBT: Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance. vPvB: Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative.

Classification abbreviations

and acronyms

Aerosol = Aerosol Eye Irrit. = Eye irritation

STOT SE = Specific target organ toxicity-single exposure

Classification procedures according to Regulation (EC)

1272/2008

STOT SE 3 - H336: Eye Irrit. 2 - H319: : Calculation method. Aerosol 1 - H222, H229: : Expert

judgement.

Training advice Read and follow manufacturer's recommendations.

Revision comments Classification according to EC 1272/2008 (CLP).

Revision date 09/12/2016

Revision 3

Supersedes date 30/05/2014

SDS number 1635

Hazard statements in full

H220 Extremely flammable gas.

H222 Extremely flammable aerosol.

H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.

H229 Pressurised container: may burst if heated

H280 Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.

H301 Toxic if swallowed.

H302 Harmful if swallowed.

H311 Toxic in contact with skin.

H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

H315 Causes skin irritation.

H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.

H318 Causes serious eye damage.

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

H331 Toxic if inhaled.

H335 May cause respiratory irritation.

H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

H341 Suspected of causing genetic defects.

H350 May cause cancer.

H370 Causes damage to organs.

This information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process. Such information is, to the best of the company's knowledge and belief, accurate and reliable as of the date indicated. However, no warranty, guarantee or representation is made to its accuracy, reliability or completeness. It is the user's responsibility to satisfy himself as to the suitability of such information for his own particular use.